Michigan

Adult Treatment Protocols SPINAL INJURY ASSESSMENT

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Spinal Injury Assessment

Pre-Medical Control

MFR/EMT/SPECIALIST/PARAMEDIC

- 1. Follow General Pre-hospital Care protocol.
- 2. Assess the mechanism of injury.
- 3. A patient with a negative mechanism does not need a spine injury clinical assessment
- 4. Patients with mechanism of injury with the potential for causing spine injury shall have a spine injury clinical assessment performed.
- 5. Clinical criteria are used as the basis for assessment. If any of the clinical criteria are present or if the assessment cannot be completed, the patient has a positive spine injury assessment.
- 6. If the mechanism of injury with the potential for causing spine injury exists, the following clinical criteria are assessed:
 - A. Altered mental status
 - B. Use of intoxicants
 - C. Significant distracting painful injury
 - D. Motor and/or sensory deficit
 - E. Spine pain and/or tenderness
- 7. If any of the clinical criteria are present the patient has a positive spine injury assessment. If none of the clinical criteria are present the patient has a negative spine injury assessment.
- 8. Patients with a positive spine injury assessment should have spinal precautions maintained during movement and transport. Refer to **Spinal Precautions Procedure.**
- 9. Patients over the age of 65 with a mechanism of injury with the potential for causing spine injury will have a cervical collar applied even if the spinal injury clinical assessment is negative. Refer to **Spinal Precautions Procedure.**



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