Michigan

Pediatric Treatment Protocols

PEDIATRIC TRAUMA

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Pediatric Trauma

The priorities in pediatric trauma management are to prevent further injury, provide rapid transport, notify the receiving facility, and initiate definitive treatment.

Management

MFR/EMT/SPECIALIST/PARAMEDIC

- 1. Follow Pediatric Assessment and Treatment Protocol.
- 2. If the airway or breathing management is needed see **Pediatric Respiratory Distress, Failure or Arrest Protocol.**
- 3. If breathing is adequate, provide high flow oxygen as necessary. Use a non-rebreather mask or blow-by as tolerated.
- 4. Control bleeding and splint injuries appropriately.
- 5. Assess for potential spine injury. Provide for spinal precautions as indicated. See **Spinal Injury Assessment Protocol**.

EMT/SPECIALIST/PARAMEDIC

6. Initiate transport per MCA transport protocol.

SPECIALIST/PARAMEDIC

- 7. Obtain vascular access using an age-appropriate large-bore catheter and administer NS KVO. If extenuating circumstances delay transport, obtain vascular access on the scene, but do not delay transport to obtain vascular access.
- 8. If there is evidence of shock see **Pediatric Shock Protocol**.

PARAMEDIC

- 9. If tension pneumothorax is suspected see **Pleural Decompression Procedure**.
- 10. Refer to Pain Management Procedure.



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